SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product identifier TRI-POW'R HD COIL CLEANER AEROSOL (4371-75)

Other means of identification Not available.

Recommended use Heavy Duty Cleaner/Degreaser

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name Nu-Calgon

Address 2611 Schuetz Road

St. Louis, MO 63043

United States **Telephone** 314-469-7000 / 800-554-5499

E-mail Not available.

Emergency phone number 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)

Supplier See above.

2. Hazard identification

Physical hazards Gases under pressure Liquefied gas

Corrosive to metals Category 1
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1

Environmental hazards Not classified.

WHMIS 2015 defined hazards Not classified

.

Label elements

Health hazards



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May be corrosive to metals. Causes severe

skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep only in original packaging. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

Response Absorb spillage to prevent material-damage. IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce

vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Specific treatment (see information on this label). IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Storage Store in a corrosion resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Store locked up. Protect from

sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal Dispose of container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

WHMIS 2015: Health Hazard(s) not otherwise classified

(HHNOC)

WHMIS 2015: Physical Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (PHNOC)

None known

None known

Hazard(s) not otherwise

classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information None.

Page: 1 of 11 Issue date 08-July-2023 4371-75 (Canada/US GHS)

3. Composition/Information on ingredients

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Butane		106-97-8	1-5*
Morpholine		110-91-8	0.1-1*
Potassium hydroxide		1310-58-3	1-5*
Propane		74-98-6	1-5*
Silicic acid, sodium salt		1344-09-8	1-5*
Sodium carbonate		497-19-8	1-5*

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

Composition comments

Mixture

US GHS: The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200.

*CANADA GHS: The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a

POISON CENTER or doctor.

Skin contact IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Specific treatment (see information on this label).

Eye contact IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Ingestion IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting, Immediately call a POISON CENTER or

Most important

General information

symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage.

Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and

blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result.

treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Wear rubber gloves and chemical splash goggles. Keep out of reach of children.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Fire-fighting

equipment/instructions

Foam. Carbon dioxide. Dry powder.

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. Firefighters should wear a self-contained breathing apparatus.

Firefighters should wear full protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus.

In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose

holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move Specific methods containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with

water until well after the fire is out. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. General fire hazards Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

Hazardous combustion May include and are not limited to: Oxides of carbon. products

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6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Do not discharge into lakes, streams, ponds or public waters.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use only with adequate ventilation.

Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Do not re-use empty containers. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use good industrial hygiene practices in handling this material. When using do not eat or drink.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Store in a corrosion resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of children. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage.

8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Туре	Value
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1000 ppm
Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)	TWA	71 mg/m3 20 ppm
Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)	Ceiling	2 mg/m3
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1000 ppm

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Туре	Value
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm
Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)	TWA	20 ppm
Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)	Ceiling	2 mg/m3

Canada, Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

Components	Type	Value
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm

Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, 1 Components	he Workplace Safety And Health <i>A</i> Type	Act) Value
Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)	TWA	20 ppm
Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)	Ceiling	2 mg/m3
Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Expos Components	ure to Biological or Chemical Ager Type	nts) Value
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm
Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)	TWA	20 ppm
Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)	Ceiling	2 mg/m3
Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor Components	- Regulation respecting occupation	onal health and safety) Value
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1900 mg/m3 800 ppm
Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)	TWA	71 mg/m3 20 ppm
Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)	Ceiling	2 mg/m3
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm
Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupation Components	nal Health and Safety Regulations, Type	1996, Table 21) Value
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	15 minute	1250 ppm
	8 hour	1000 ppm
Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)	15 minute	30 ppm
. , ,	8 hour	20 ppm
Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)	Ceiling	2 mg/m3
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	15 minute	1250 ppm
	8 hour	1000 ppm
US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contan	ninants (29 CFR 1910.1000)	
Components	Туре	Value
Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)	PEL	70 mg/m3 20 ppm
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	PEL	1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values	Time	Value
Components	Type	Value
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm
Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8) Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)	TWA Ceiling	20 ppm 2 mg/m3
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Ha		Value
Components Putano (CAS 106 07 9)	Type	
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1900 mg/m3 800 ppm
Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)	STEL	105 mg/m3 30 ppm
	TWA	70 mg/m3 20 ppm
Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)	Ceiling	2 mg/m3
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm

Biological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines Chemicals listed in section 3 that are not listed here do not have established limit values for

ACGIH or OSHA PEL.

Canada - Alberta OELs: Skin designation

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - British Columbia OELs: Skin designation

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Manitoba OELs: Skin designation

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Ontario OELs: Skin designation

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Quebec OELs: Skin designation

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Saskatchewan OELs: Skin designation

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.

Skin protection

Hand protection Impervious gloves. Confirm with reputable supplier first.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. As required by employer code.

Respiratory protection Where exposure guideline levels may be exceeded, use an approved NIOSH respirator.

Respirator should be selected by and used under the direction of a trained health and safety professional following requirements found in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134),

CAN/CSA-Z94.4 and ANSI's standard for respiratory protection (Z88.2).

Thermal hazards Not applicable.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. When using do not eat or drink.

9. Physical and chemical properties

AppearanceAerosol.Physical stateGas.FormAerosolColorOrangeOdorPine

Odor threshold

pH

13.3 (Concentrate)

Melting point/freezing point

Initial boiling point and boiling

212 °F (100 °C)

range

Pour pointNot available.Specific gravityNot available.Partition coefficientNot available

(n-octanol/water)

rtot avallable

Flash point Not available.

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) UN Manual of Tests & Criteria, Part 3, Section 31.5 - Enclosed Space Ignition Test

The finished product is not expected to be flammable as per test data.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

Not available

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

Not available

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure Not available
Vapor density Not available

Relative density 1.13

Solubility(ies)Not available.Auto-ignition temperatureNot available.Decomposition temperatureNot available.ViscosityNot available.

Other information

Explosive properties Not explosive. **Oxidizing properties** Not oxidizing.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Reacts violently with strong acids. This product may react with oxidizing agents. May be corrosive

to metals.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Strong oxidizing agents. Metals.

Chemical stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Conditions to avoid Heat. Do not mix with other chemicals.

Hazardous decomposition

Incompatible materials

products

May include and are not limited to: Oxides of carbon.

11. Toxicological information

Routes of exposure Eye, Skin contact, Inhalation, Ingestion.

Information on likely routes of exposure

IngestionCauses digestive tract burns. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting.InhalationMay cause irritation to the respiratory system. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact Causes severe skin burns.

Eve contact Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms related to the

Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage.

physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and

blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Causes burns.

Components Species Test Results

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Not available

Inhalation

LC50 Mouse 539600 ppm, 120 Minutes, ECHA

520400 ppm, 120 Minutes, ECHA

Rat > 800000 ppm, 10 Minutes, ECHA

1442738 mg/m3, 15 Minutes, ECHA

1443 mg/L, 15 Minutes, ECHA

Oral

LD50 Not available

Components **Species Test Results** Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8) **Acute** Dermal LD50 Rabbit 500 mg/kg, 24 Hours, ECHA Inhalation LC50 Rat 8 mg/L, ECHA Oral LD50 Rat 1900 mg/kg, ECHA Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3) Acute Dermal LD50 Not available Inhalation LC50 Not available Oral LD50 Rat 333 mg/kg, ECHA Propane (CAS 74-98-6) **Acute** Dermal LD50 Not available Inhalation LC50 Rat 1442738 mg/m3, 15 Minutes, ECHA 1443 mg/L, 15 Minutes, ECHA Oral LD50 Not available Silicic acid, sodium salt (CAS 1344-09-8) **Acute** Dermal LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg, 24 Hours, ECHA Inhalation LC50 Rat > 2.1 mg/L, 4 Hours, ECHA Oral LD50 Rat 3400 mg/kg, ECHA Sodium carbonate (CAS 497-19-8) Acute Dermal LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg, ECHA Inhalation LC50 800 mg/m3, 2 Hours, ECHA Guinea pig Mouse 1200 mg/m3, 2 Hours, ECHA Rat 2300 mg/m3, 2 Hours, ECHA Oral LD50 Rat 2800 mg/kg, ECHA, HSDB Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. **Exposure minutes** Not available. Not available. Erythema value Not available. Oedema value Serious eye damage/eye Causes serious eye damage. irritation Corneal opacity value Not available. Not available. Iris lesion value Conjunctival reddening Not available. value Not available. Conjunctival oedema value

Recover days Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Canada - Alberta OELs: Irritant

Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3) Irritant

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Mutagenicity Not classified.

Carcinogenicity Not classified. See below.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8) Volume 47, Volume 71 - 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to

humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity Not classified.

Teratogenicity Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

single exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not classified.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity See below

Ecotoxicological data

Components Species Test Results

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Zebra danio (Danio rerio) > 1 mg/L, 96 hours

Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis) 80 mg/L, 96 hours

Silicic acid, sodium salt (CAS 1344-09-8)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia) 0.28 - 0.57 mg/L, 48 hours
Fish LC50 Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis) 1800 mg/L, 96 hours

Sodium carbonate (CAS 497-19-8)

Crustacea EC50 Daphnia 265 mg/L, 48 Hours

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia) 156.6 - 298.9 mg/L, 48 hours

Fish LC50 Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) 300 mg/L, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potentialNo data available.Mobility in soilNo data available.Mobility in generalNot available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsCollect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents

under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Dispose of contents/container in accordance

 $with \ local/regional/national/international\ regulations.$

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code D002: Waste Corrosive material [pH <=2 or =>12.5, or corrosive to steel]

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

14. Transport information

Transport of Dangerous Goods (TDG) Proof of Classification

Classification Method: Classified as per Part 2, Sections 2.1 – 2.8 of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations. If applicable, the technical name and the classification of the

product will appear below.

General UN Manual of Tests & Criteria, Part 3, Section 31.5 - Enclosed Space Ignition Test The finished

product is not expected to be flammable as per test data.

IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

IATA:

Aerosols, non-flammable, containing substances in Class 8, Packing Group II, Forbidden

U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT)

Basic shipping requirements:

UN number UN1950

Proper shipping name Aerosols, corrosive, Packing Group II or III, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity).

Hazard class Limited Quantity - US

Special provisions A34

Packaging exceptions <1L - Limited Quantity
Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG - Canada)

Basic shipping requirements:

UN number UN1950

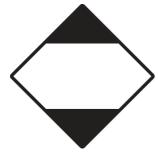
Proper shipping name AEROSOLS, non-flammable, containing substances in Class 8, packing group II

Hazard class Limited Quantity - Canada

Special provisions 80

Packaging exceptions <1L - Limited Quantity

DOT; TDG



15. Regulatory information

Canadian federal regulations

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

Canada DSL Challenge Substances: Listed substance

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Listed.

Canada NPRI VOCs with Additional Reporting Requirements: Mass reporting threshold/Identification Number

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) 1 TONNES
Propane (CAS 74-98-6) 1 TONNES

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Precursor Control Regulations

Not regulated.

WHMIS 2015 Exemptions Not applicable

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Listed. Listed. Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8) Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3) Listed. Listed. Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely No

hazardous substance

Yes SARA 311/312 Hazardous

chemical

Classified hazard Gas under pressure Corrosive to metal categories Skin corrosion or irritation

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Clean Water Act (CWA) Section 112(r) (40 CFR

Hazardous substance

68.130)

US state regulations

US - California Hazardous Substances (Director's): Listed substance

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Listed. Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8) Listed. Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3) Listed.

US - Illinois Chemical Safety Act: Listed substance

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)

Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

US - Louisiana Spill Reporting: Listed substance

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Listed. Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8) Listed. Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3) Listed. Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Listed.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Listed substance

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Listed. Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8) Listed. Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3) Listed. Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Listed.

US - Texas Effects Screening Levels Hazard Data: Simple asphyxiant

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

US - Texas Effects Screening Levels: Listed substance

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Listed. Listed. Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8) Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3) Listed. Listed. Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Silicic acid, sodium salt (CAS 1344-09-8) Listed. Sodium carbonate (CAS 497-19-8) Listed.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)

Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)

Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)

Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)

Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Morpholine (CAS 110-91-8)

Potassium hydroxide (CAS 1310-58-3)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

Inventory status

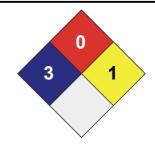
Country(s) or region	Inventory name On in	ventory (yes/no)*
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

16. Other information







Disclaimer

Information contained herein was obtained from sources considered technically accurate and reliable. While every effort has been made to ensure full disclosure of product hazards, in some cases data is not available and is so stated. Since conditions of actual product use are beyond control of the supplier, it is assumed that users of this material have been fully trained according to the requirements of all applicable legislation and regulatory instruments. No warranty, expressed or implied, is made and supplier will not be liable for any losses, injuries or consequential damages which may result from the use of or reliance on any information contained in this document. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

Issue date 08-July-2023

Version # 03

Effective date 08-July-2023

Prepared by Nu-Calgon Technical Service Phone: (314) 469-7000

Further information Not available.

Other information For an updated SDS, please contact the supplier/manufacturer listed on the first page of the

document.